**LOW INCOME HOME ENERGY ASSISTANCE PROGRAM (LIHEAP)**

**DETAILED MODEL PLAN**

**PUBLIC LAW 97-35, AS AMENDED**

**FISCAL YEAR (FY) \_2013\_**

**GRANTEE \_\_\_\_\_\_STATE OF WISCONSIN \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ \_\_ \_**

**EIN: \_\_\_\_\_\_\_39-6028867\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ \_\_\_\_ \_\_**

**ADDRESS \_\_\_\_\_\_\_Wisconsin Department of Administration\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ \_\_\_\_\_ \_\_\_**

**101 East Wilson Street**

**\_\_\_\_\_\_\_PO Box 7868\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ \_\_\_\_**

**\_\_\_Madison, WI 53707-7868\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ \_\_\_\_**

**NAME OF LIHEAP COORDINATOR: \_\_\_\_\_Susan Brown\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ \_\_**

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**PLEASE CHECK ONE: TRIBE \_\_ STATE X \_\_ INSULAR AREA \_\_\_\_\_**

**Department of Health and Human Services**

**Administration for Children and Families**

**Office of Community Services**

**Washington, DC 20447**

**August 1987, revised 05/92, 02/95, 03/96, 12/98, 11/01**

**OMB Approval No. 0970-0075**

**Expiration Date: 04/30/2014**

THE PAPERWORK REDUCTION ACT OF 1995 (Pub. L. 104-13)

Use of this model plan is optional. However, the information requested is required in order to receive a Low Income Home Energy Assistance Program (LIHEAP) grant in years in which the grantee is not permitted to file an abbreviated plan. Public reporting burden for this collection of information is estimated to average 1 hour per response, including the time for reviewing instructions, gathering and maintaining the data needed, and reviewing the collection of information. An agency may not conduct or sponsor, and a person is not required to respond to, a collection of information unless it displays a currently valid OMB control number.

GRANTEE STATE OF WISCONSIN FFY \_\_2013\_\_\_

Assurances

The STATE OF WISCONSIN agrees to:

(Grantee Name)

(1) use the funds available under this title to--

(A) conduct outreach activities and provide assistance to low income households in meeting their home energy costs, particularly those with the lowest incomes that pay a

high proportion of household income for home energy, consistent with paragraph (5);

(B) intervene in energy crisis situations;

(C) provide low-cost residential weatherization and other cost-effective energy-related home repair; and

(D) plan, develop, and administer the State's program under this title including leveraging programs,

and the State agrees not to use such funds for any purposes other than those specified in this title;

(2) make payments under this title only with respect to--

(A) households in which one or more individuals are receiving--

(i) assistance under the State program funded under part A of title IV of the Social Security Act;

(ii) supplemental security income payments under title XVI of the Social Security Act;

(iii) food stamps under the Food Stamp Act of 1977; or

(iv) payments under section 415, 521, 541, or 542 of title 38, United States Code, or under section 306 of the Veterans' and Survivors' Pension Improvement Act of 1978; or

(B) households with incomes which do not exceed the greater of—

(i) an amount equal to 150 percent of the poverty level for such State; or

(ii) an amount equal to 60 percent of the State median income;

except that a State may not exclude a household from eligibility in a fiscal year solely on the basis of household income if such income is less than 110 percent of the poverty level for such State, but the State may give priority to those households with the highest home energy costs or needs in relation to household income.

(3) conduct outreach activities designed to assure that eligible households, especially households with elderly individuals or disabled individuals, or both, and households with high home energy burdens, are made aware of the assistance available under this title, and any similar energy-related assistance available under subtitle B of title VI (relating to community services block grant program) or under any other provision of law which carries out programs which were administered under the Economic Opportunity Act of 1964 before the date of the enactment of this Act;

(4) coordinate its activities under this title with similar and related programs administered by the Federal Government and such State, particularly low-income energy-related programs under subtitle B of title VI (relating to community services block grant program), under the supplemental security income program, under part A of title IV of the Social Security Act, under title XX of the Social Security Act, under the low-income weatherization assistance program under title IV of the Energy Conservation and Production Act, or under any other provision of law which carries out programs which were administered under the Economic Opportunity Act of 1964 before the date of the enactment of this Act;

(5) provide, in a timely manner, that the highest level of assistance will be furnished to those households which have the lowest incomes and the highest energy costs or needs in relation to income, taking into account family size, except that the State may not differentiate in implementing this section between the households described in clauses 2(A) and 2(B) of this subsection;

(6) to the extent it is necessary to designate local administrative agencies in order to carry out the purposes of this title, to give special consideration, in the designation of such agencies, to any local public or private nonprofit agency which was receiving Federal funds under any low-income energy assistance program or weatherization program under the Economic Opportunity Act of 1964 or any other provision of law on the day before the date of the enactment of this Act, except that—

(A) the State shall, before giving such special consideration, determine that the agency involved meets program and fiscal requirements established by the State; and

(B) if there is no such agency because of any change in the assistance furnished to programs for economically disadvantaged persons, then the State shall give special consideration in the designation of local administrative agencies to any successor agency which is operated in substantially the same manner as the predecessor agency which did receive funds for the fiscal year preceding the fiscal year for which the determination is made;

(7) if the State chooses to pay home energy suppliers directly, establish procedures to --

(A) notify each participating household of the amount of assistance paid on its behalf;

(B) assure that the home energy supplier will charge the eligible household, in the normal billing process, the difference between the actual cost of the home energy and the amount of the payment made by the State under this title;

(C) assure that the home energy supplier will provide assurances that any agreement entered into with a home energy supplier under this paragraph will contain provisions to assure that no household receiving assistance under this title will be treated adversely because of such assistance under applicable provisions of State law or public regulatory requirements; and

(D) ensure that the provision of vendor payments remains at the option of the State in consultation with local grantees and may be contingent on unregulated vendors taking appropriate measures to alleviate the energy burdens of eligible households, including providing for agreements between suppliers and individuals eligible for benefits under this Act that seek to reduce home energy costs, minimize the risks of home energy crisis, and encourage regular payments by individuals receiving financial assistance for home energy costs;

provide assurances that,

(A) the State will not exclude households described in clause (2)(B) of this subsection from receiving home energy assistance benefits under clause (2), and

(B) the State will treat owners and renters equitably under the program assisted under this title;

(9) provide that--

(A) the State may use for planning and administering the use of funds under this title an amount not to exceed 10 percent of the funds payable to such State under this title for a fiscal year; and

(B) the State will pay from non-Federal sources the remaining costs of planning and administering the program assisted under this title and will not use Federal funds for such remaining cost (except for the costs of the activities described in paragraph (16));

(10) provide that such fiscal control and fund accounting procedures will be established as may be necessary to assure the proper disbursal of and accounting for Federal funds paid to the State under this title, including procedures for monitoring the assistance provided under this title, and provide that the State will comply with the provisions of chapter 75 of title 31, United States Code (commonly known as the "Single Audit Act");

(11) permit and cooperate with Federal investigations undertaken in accordance with section 2608;

(12) provide for timely and meaningful public participation in the development of the plan described in subsection (c);

(13) provide an opportunity for a fair administrative hearing to individuals whose claims for assistance under the plan described in subsection (c) are denied or are not acted upon with reasonable promptness; and

(14) cooperate with the Secretary with respect to data collecting and reporting under section 2610.

(15) \* beginning in fiscal year 1992, provide, in addition to such services as may be offered by State Departments of Public Welfare at the local level, outreach and intake functions for crisis situations and heating and cooling assistance that is administered by additional State and local governmental entities or community-based organizations (such as community action

agencies, area agencies on aging and not-for-profit neighborhood-based organizations), and in States where such organizations do not administer functions as of September 30, 1991, preference in awarding grants or contracts for intake services shall be provided to those agencies that administer the low-income weatherization or energy crisis intervention programs.

\* This assurance is applicable only to States, and to territories whose annual regular LIHEAP allotments exceed $200,000. Neither territories with annual allotments of $200,000 or less nor Indian tribes/tribal organizations are subject to Assurance 15.

(16) use up to 5 percent of such funds, at its option, to provide services that encourage and enable households to reduce their home energy needs and thereby the need for energy assistance, including needs assessments, counseling, and assistance with energy vendors, and report to the Secretary concerning the impact of such activities on the number of households served, the level of direct benefits provided to those households, and the number of households that remain unserved.

Certification to the Assurances: As Chief Executive Officer, I agree to comply with the sixteen assurances contained in Title XXVI of the Omnibus Budget Reconciliation Act of 1981, as amended.\* By signing these assurances, I also agree to abide by the standard assurances on lobbying, debarment and suspension, and a drug-free workplace.

Signature of the Tribal or Board Chairperson or Chief Executive Officer of the State or Territory.\*\*

Signature: \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

Title: \_\_\_ Secretary, WI Department of Administration \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

Date: \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

**\* Indian tribes/tribal organizations, and territories with annual regular LIHEAP allotments of $200,000 or less, are not subject to assurance 15, and thus must only certify to 15 assurances.**

**\*\* If a person other than the Chief Executive Officer of the State or territory, or Tribal Chairperson or Board Chairperson of a tribal organization, is signing the certification to the assurances, a letter must be submitted delegating such authority. (PLEASE ATTACH DELEGATION of AUTHORITY.) The delegation must include authority to sign the assurances, not just to administer the program.**

**\*\*\* HHS needs the EIN (Entity Identification Number) of the State, territory or Tribal agency that is to receive the grant funds before it can issue the grant.**

In the above assurances which are quoted from the law, "State" means the 50 States, the District of Columbia, an Indian Tribe or Tribal Organization, or a Territory; "title" of the Act refers to Title XXVI of the Omnibus Budget Reconciliation Act of 1981 (OBRA), as amended, the "Low Income Home Energy Assistance Act"; "section" means Section 2605 of OBRA; and, "subsection" refers to Section 2605(b) of OBRA.

statutory

references

2605(a)

2605(b)(1) 🡺Please check which components you will operate under the LIHEAP program. (Note: You must provide information for each component designated here as requested elsewhere in this plan.)

Dates of Operation

(use of

funds) X heating assistance \_10/01/2012 – 5/15/2013\_\_\_\_

cooling assistance \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

X crisis assistance \_10/01/2012 – 9/30/2013\_\_\_\_

X weatherization assistance \_10/01/2012 – 9/30/2013\_\_\_\_

A 2013 early application period will occur prior to 10/1/2012.

2605(c)(l)(C) 🡺Please estimate what amount of available LIHEAP funds will be used for each component that you will operate: **The total of all percentages must add up to 100%.**

(use of

funds)

66 % heating assistance

% cooling assistance

8 % crisis assistance

2605(k)(1) 15 % weatherization assistance

% carryover to the following fiscal year

2605(b)(9) 10 % administrative and planning costs

2605(b)(16) 1 % services to reduce home energy needs

including needs assessment (assurance 16)

% used to develop and implement leveraging activities (limited to the greater of 0.08% or $35,000 for States, the greater of 2% or $100 for territories, tribes and tribal organizations).

100 \_% **TOTAL**

statutory

references

2605(c)(1)(C) 🡺The funds reserved for winter crisis assistance that have not been expended by March 15 will be reprogrammed to:

(alternate use

of crisis assistance

funds) heating assistance

cooling assistance

weatherization assistance

X Other(specify): Continue to use for Crisis Assistance

A portion of crisis assistance funds may be reserved by the State for later distribution to insure adequate crisis assistance throughout the heating season. Funds not used for crisis emergencies during the heating season may be used for crisis proactive services after May 15. Funds not expended in FFY 2013 will be allocated for expenditure as heating benefits in FFY 2014.

🡺Do you accept applications for energy crisis assistance at sites that are geographically accessible to all households in the area to be served? (This is required by the statute.)

Yes X No \_\_\_\_\_\_\_

2605(b)(2) 🡺What are your maximum eligibility limits?

2605(c)(1)(A) (Please check the components to which they apply.)

**Current year guidelines must be used.**

(eligibility) 150% of the poverty guidelines:

heating cooling crisis wx \_\_

125% of the poverty guidelines:

heating cooling crisis wx\_\_

110% of the poverty guidelines:

heating cooling crisis wx

X 60% of the State's median income:

heating X cooling crisis X wx \_X\_

60% of the State’s median income is also the financial eligibility guideline used by the State for reporting of utility and charitable home heating/weatherization programs included in the LIHEAP leveraging report activities.

X Other (specify for each component)

Heating and Weatherization

Financial eligibility will be determined from gross income in relation to household size for the three calendar months preceding the month in which the application is made, except for self-employed and seasonal workers who will be tested using 12 months. Court-ordered support for children will be deducted from income if paid in the covered three month period. Earned income from household members under age 18 will be ignored in determining household income.

Crisis

Financial eligibility for crisis assistance will be based on an eligible heating assistance application at any point during the heating season; or, alternately, may be based on the present or prior month’s income in emergencies. Crisis assistance may include cooling measures.

Households automatically eligible if one person is receiving

TANF, \_\_\_\_SSI, Food Stamps, Certain means-tested veterans programs (heating cooling crisis wx )

Categorical Eligibility - Households which are composed entirely of persons receiving Supplemental Security Income (SSI), Temporary Assistance to Needy Families (TANF), or Food Stamps (FS) for the previous three months will be deemed to be income eligible. (heating X, crisis X, weatherization X)

statutory

references

2605(c)(1)(A) 🡺Do you have additional eligibility requirements for:

2605(b)(2) **HEATING ASSISTANCE** X Yes No)

(eligibility)

🡺Do you use: Yes No

Assets test? \_\_\_\_\_ \_\_X\_\_

🡺Do you give priority in eligibility to:

Elderly? \_\_X\_\_ \_\_\_\_\_

Disabled? X \_\_\_\_\_

Young children? X \_\_\_\_\_

Other: \_\_\_\_\_

(If Yes, please describe)

There is no differentiation in the formula for calculating benefits however, funds are allocated specifically to allow for outreach to vulnerable households including those with elderly, disabled or young children as residents. These households are encouraged and assisted to apply for LIHEAP benefits.

Non-financial eligibility for heating assistance will depend on the existence of an energy burden, i.e. responsibility for the costs of home energy. Applicants not eligible because they do not have an energy burden will include residents of government assisted housing (including subsidized housing) with heating included in the cost of rent. Except that cooling devices such as fans and air conditioners may be made available in such situations. Additionally, residents of medical or correctional institutions, some group living arrangements and some post-secondary school students do not meet the non-financial eligibility criteria.

No household will be eligible for payment under the heating assistance program until the Social Security Number for each household member is verified as belonging to that individual, exceptions only granted for household members; babies less than 60 days old or religious reasons. Applicant case head and all household members must provide a Social Security Number. ~~or proof that a number has been applied for is provided for each household member.~~

A household may receive only one heating assistance benefit for each heating season, except:

If projected circumstances change (for example, significant increase in the cost of home heating fuel or additional federal funds become available), supplemental heating assistance benefits may be paid to eligible households statewide. If a portion of federal funds is delayed, heating assistance benefits may be delayed or partially paid.

If the household has received the WHEAP FoodShare benefit payment, it may become eligible for a full regular heating benefit by applying for heating assistance.

statutory

references

2605(c)(1)(A)

2605(b)(2) 🡺Do you have additional eligibility requirements for:

**COOLING ASSISTANCE** ( Yes X No)

(eligibility)

🡺Do you use: Yes No

Assets test? **\_\_\_\_\_\_ \_\_\_\_\_\_**

🡺Do you give priority in eligibility to:

Elderly? **\_\_\_\_\_\_ \_\_\_\_\_\_**

Disabled? **\_\_\_\_\_\_ \_\_\_\_\_\_**

Young children? **\_\_\_\_\_\_ \_\_\_\_\_\_**

Other: **\_\_\_\_\_\_ \_\_\_\_\_\_**

(If Yes, please describe)

statutory

references

2604(c)

2605(c)(1)(A) 🡺Do you have additional eligibility requirements for:

**CRISIS ASSISTANCE** ( X Yes No)

(eligibility)

Yes No

🡺Do you use:

Assets test? **\_\_\_\_\_\_ \_\_**X**\_\_**

Must the household have received a   
shut-off notice or have an empty tank? **\_\_\_\_\_\_ \_\_**X**\_\_**

Must the household have exhausted  
regular benefit? **\_\_\_\_\_\_ \_\_**X**\_\_**

Must the household have received a  
rent eviction notice? **\_\_\_\_\_\_ \_\_**X**\_\_**

Must heating/cooling be medically  
necessary? **\_\_\_\_\_\_ \_\_**X**\_\_**

Other (Please explain): \_\_\_\_\_\_ \_\_\_\_\_\_

🡺What constitutes a crisis? (Please describe)

Household must have existing/imminent lack of adequate heat/cooling in dwelling (emergency), or a risk of a heating emergency (proactive). While there is not a formal asset test, consideration may be given to resources available to the household before assistance is provided.

A household may receive more than one crisis assistance payment.

Determination of eligibility for regular heating assistance benefits will determine a household eligible for crisis assistance for the remainder of the program period if the household has contributed $25 or more towards their heating costs in the three months prior to application for crisis assistance.

statutory

references

2605(c)(1)(A) 🡺Do you have additional eligibility requirements for: **WEATHERIZATION** ( Yes No)

(eligibility)

🡺Do you use: Yes No

Assets test? \_\_\_\_\_ \_\_X\_

Priority groups? (Please list) \_\_X\_

There is an automatic referral to weatherization agencies of eligible households, households having received emergency furnace repairs or replacements, and households including elderly, young children, or handicapped persons.

🡺Are you using Department of Energy (DOE) Low Income Weatherization Assistance Program (LIWAP) rules to establish eligibility or to establish priority eligibility for households with certain characteristics? \_\_X\_ \_\_\_\_\_

🡺If Yes, are there exceptions? \_\_X\_ \_\_\_\_\_

Please list below.

Non-financial eligibility for weatherization will be the same as for heating assistance. There will also be an evaluation of the dwelling unit eligibility.

DOE guidelines will be used for weatherization services. LIHEAP funds will allow the services of these programs to be provided to additional LIHEAP eligible households and to be more comprehensive in the scope of work performed.

LIHEAP crisis assistance eligible households may receive furnace repair/replacement to alleviate an emergency resulting from a defective or inoperable heating unit without regard to DOE regulations.

statutory

references

2605(b)(3) 🡺Please check the outreach activities that you

2605(c)(3)(A) conduct that are designed to assure that eligible households are made aware of all LIHEAP assistance available:

(outreach)

X provide intake service through home visits or by telephone for the physically infirm (i.e. elderly or disabled).

X place posters/flyers in local and county social service offices, offices of aging, Social Security offices, VA, etc.

X publish articles in local newspapers or broadcast media announcements.

X include inserts in energy vendor billings to inform individuals of the availability of all types of LIHEAP assistance.

X make mass mailing to past recipients of LIHEAP.

X inform low income applicants of the availability of all types of LIHEAP assistance at application intake for other low‑income programs.

X execute interagency agreements with other low‑income program offices to perform outreach to target groups.

X other (Please specify):

Allocate funds specifically for the purpose of outreach to households with elderly, disabled, rural poor, and/or young children residing in them.

An early application period will be utilized prior to the heating season. This process includes accepting applications during the summer for the following Federal Fiscal Year from targeted households.

Accept applications for energy assistance at sites geographically accessible to all households in the area to be served. This includes setting up LIHEAP application sites for targeted households (contacting targeted persons or their representatives to ascertain convenient times and places, contacting community leaders to locate and serve application sites, providing information on alternate sites to organizations/programs likely to reach targeted persons, contacting targeted persons to arrange application appointments, transportation, etc.).

Provide information directly or by selective mailing to targeted applicants, e.g., assistance to understand the application form, translation of material, interpretation services for deaf, reading for blind.

Assist targeted applicants to gather needed documentation e.g., sorting documents, explaining what is needed.

Facilitate access to state weatherization programs targeted to LIHEAP eligible households and other energy-related services e.g., utility early identification and emergency intervention.

Generate and use computerized application information for some households that received heating assistance last year.

Counties and tribal agencies are required to provide outreach services to maximize participation of eligible persons in the Low Income Home Energy Assistance Program. It is the responsibility of each county/tribe to provide application sites accessible to the eligible population in the county/tribe, with particular attention to overcoming barriers for targeted households. Outreach client benefits include: taking applications, certifying application information, and processing applications at an alternate site.

statutory

references

2605(b)(4) 🡺Please describe how you will assure that LIHEAP is coordinated with similar and related programs. The description provided applies to all components unless specifically noted.

(coordination)

Wisconsin administers LIHEAP, DOE, and Public Benefit weatherization programs through the same state office, the Department of Administration, Division of Energy Services. LIHEAP is coordinated at the state level with income maintenance programs through agreements and data collection/sharing with the Department of Children and Families (DCF) and Department of Health Services (DHS). DCF operates the Temporary Assistance to Needy Families (TANF), W-2, including the jobs and welfare to work program as well as other assistance programs. DHS operates FoodShare (SNAP).

Wisconsin coordinates with its FoodShare (SNAP) program to provide a token benefit which is intended to encourage FoodShare recipients to apply for full regular heating benefits and to enable increasing the size of the FoodShare benefit recipients are eligible to receive.

Beginning in FY2001, State of Wisconsin Public Benefits funds were used to make payments to eligible recipients. Public Benefit funds are fully integrated into the Wisconsin Home Energy Assistance Program, WHEAP.

Coordination between the state and local level is achieved by including representation from a variety of private and government agencies interested in energy services and/or services for low-income persons on the Low Income Energy Advisory Committee (LIEAC).

Local service providers are expected to coordinate their programs with each other, with utility-operated programs and with other government and nonprofit programs operated within their service area. Local service providers are required to develop a local coordination plan annually to show what is being done to coordinate with weatherization agencies, fuel providers (utility and bulk fuels), and other local groups.

2605(b)(5) 🡺The statute requires that there be no difference in the treatment

2605(b)(2) of households eligible because of their income and those eligible

2605(b)(8A) because they receive benefits under TANF, Food Stamps, SSI, or certain means-tested veterans programs ("categorically eligible"). How do you ensure there is no difference when determining eligibility and benefit amounts? This applies to all components unless specifically noted below.

(benefit

levels)

All households at or below 60% of the state median income will be eligible for benefits calculated in the same manner, regardless of whether there is a household member who receives categorical assistance or not. Households entirely composed of persons receiving Supplemental Security Income (SSI), TANF, or Food Stamps in each of preceding three months from the date of application will be deemed to be income eligible, i.e. the benefit for a categorically eligible household will be calculated using 215% of Federal Poverty. ~~the benefit for a categorically eligible household will be calculated using sixty percent of state median income when household's income is greater than sixty percent.~~

This is not an ongoing entitlement program; payments are made subject to the availability of federal funds. Payments may be suspended, reduced or terminated if federal funds are insufficient to maintain payments through the scheduled termination date of the program.

statutory

references

**HEATING COMPONENT**

2605(b)(5) 🡺Please check the variables you use to determine your benefit levels (check all that apply):

(determination

of benefits)

X income

X family (household) size

X\_home energy cost or need

X\_\_fuel type

X climate/region

X individual bill

X dwelling type

X energy burden

(% of income spent on home energy)

energy need

other (describe)

2605(b)(5) 🡺Describe how you will assure that the highest benefits go to households

2605(c)(1)(B) with the lowest incomes and the highest energy costs or needs in relation to income, taking into account family size.

(benefit Please describe benefit levels or attach a copy of your payment matrix.

levels)

~~Heating assistance benefits will be paid based on a sliding scale benefit structure. The highest amount of assistance will be provided to those households with the highest annual home heating costs and the lowest incomes. Heating assistance benefits will be calculated from a formula and will depend on the household's poverty level (income and household size) and past home heating costs such that:~~

Heating assistance benefits will be paid based on a scaled benefit structure. 60% state median income is used to determine household eligibility, and then household federal poverty level is used to determine benefit distribution. The highest amount of assistance will be provided to those households with the highest annual home heating costs and the lowest incomes. Heating assistance benefits will be calculated from a formula and will depend on the household's federal poverty level (income and household size) and past home heating costs such that:

* A household of the lowest federal poverty level will receive a larger benefit than a household the highest federal poverty level percent when both have the same home heating costs; and,
* A household with low home heating costs will receive a lower benefit than a household with higher heating costs when both are at the same poverty level.
* For example, if the maximum eligible FPL is 215% and the minimum eligible FPL is 60%; the household at 215% FPL could receive a benefit for an estimated 9% of their annual heating cost, while the 60% FPL household could receive a benefit for an estimated 38% of their annual heating cost.
* ~~A household at 60% of the federal poverty level will receive a lower benefit than a household at 100 percent of the federal poverty level when both have the same home heating costs; and,~~
* ~~A household with low home heating costs will receive a lower benefit than a household with high heating costs when both are at the same poverty level.~~

Total home heating costs for households who directly pay a fuel dealer will be utilized to calculate benefits. Payments will be based on household energy costs, including baseload, with the heating portion of the costs normalized for weather.

One heating assistance benefit will be calculated and awarded for an entire heating season. However, the benefit may be received in two or more payments if circumstances considered in determining the benefit payment formula change, if additional federal funds are received or if federal funding is delayed.

🡺Do you provide in-kind (e.g., blankets, space heaters) and/or other forms of benefits?

Yes X No If Yes, please describe.

statutory

references

2605(b)(5) **COOLING COMPONENT**

2605(c)(1)(B)

🡺Please check the variables you use to determine your benefit levels (check all that apply):

(determination

of benefits)

income

family (household) size

home energy cost or need

fuel type

climate/region

individual bill

dwelling type

energy burden

(% of income spent on home energy)

energy need

other (describe)

2605(b)(5) 🡺Describe how you will assure that the highest

2605(c)(1)(B) benefits will go to households with the lowest

incomes and the highest energy costs or needs

(benefit in relation to income, taking into account family size. Please describe levels) benefit levels or attach a copy of your payment matrix.

🡺Do you provide in-kind (e.g. fans) and/or other forms of benefits?

Yes No If Yes, please describe.

statutory

references

2605(b)(5) **CRISIS COMPONENT**

2605(c)(1)(B)

(determination

of benefits)

🡺How do you handle crisis situations?

X separate component other (please explain)

🡺If you have a separate component, how do you determine crisis assistance benefits?

amount to resolve crisis, up to maximum

X other (please describe)

Crisis emergency benefits will be determined based on the minimum required to meet the immediate threat to health and safety up to a maximum of $1,200 per heating season (furnace repairs and replacements are not included in the maximum amount). Other resources available to the household are considered in determining benefit levels. Crisis heating emergency services may include emergency fuel delivery, furnace repair/replacement, education on energy conservation measures, and budget counseling. Crisis cooling emergency services may include room air conditioner repair/purchase, fans, education on energy conservation measures, or budget counseling.

No household will be eligible for crisis cooling assistance without a declaration by a local or state public health agency of a heat emergency and authorization is given by the Department of Administration.

Determination of a threat to health or safety of an eligible household is based on four factors: expected low temperature, condition of the dwelling unit (habitable, operable furnace, etc.), presence of vulnerable persons (persons with medical need for heat -- elderly, handicapped, children under six, etc.), and alternatives available to the household (place for temporary relocation, etc.). Medical need for heat and/or cooling may be considered in determining the presence of an emergency for vulnerable persons, including households with young children, handicapped and/or elderly persons. The presence of vulnerable persons may affect the amount and type of benefit provided to the household.

Proactive services and payments will be provided to prevent the occurrence of emergencies. Examples of proactive crisis heating and cooling assistance services provided to clients are budget counseling, co-payment plans, and energy conservation counseling.

Counties and tribes and their subcontractors will be required to provide some form of assistance to resolve home heating energy emergency situations within 48 hours of application and within 18 hours in a life-threatening situation in eligible households. This is not to be construed as requiring the issuance of a benefit payment within the above specified time period.

(benefit

heating $ \* maximum benefit

cooling $ \* maximum benefit

year-round $ 1,200\* maximum benefit

\*An annual maximum is set by the state at $1,200; local providers determine the amount of the crisis assistance benefit based on the minimum necessary to alleviate the crisis situation. In extraordinary circumstances the state allows exceptions to be made above the annual maximum.

🡺Do you provide in-kind (e.g. blankets, space heaters, fans) and/or other forms of benefits?

X Yes No If Yes, please describe.

In-kind benefits may be provided as determined necessary by local LIHEAP providers in accordance with the above procedure.

statutory

references

2605(b)(5) **WEATHERIZATION & OTHER ENERGY RELATED**

2605(c)(1)  **HOME REPAIR AND IMPROVEMENTS**

(B) & (D)

🡺What LIHEAP weatherization services/materials do you provide? (Check all categories that apply.)

(types of X Weatherization needs assessments/audits.

assistance) X Caulking, insulation, storm windows, etc.

X Furnace/heating system modifications/repairs

X Furnace replacement

X Cooling efficiency mods/repairs/replacement

X Other (Please describe)

(benefit 🡺Do you have a maximum LIHEAP weatherization benefit/expenditure levels) per household? Yes X No

If Yes, what is the maximum amount? $\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

🡺Under what rules do you administer LIHEAP weatherization? (Check only one.)

(types of Entirely under LIHEAP (not DOE) rules

rules) Entirely under DOE LIWAP rules

X Mostly under LIHEAP rules with the following DOE LIWAP rule(s) where LIHEAP and LIWAP rules differ (Check all that apply):

X Weatherize buildings if at least 66% of units (50% in 2- & 4-unit buildings) are eligible units or will become eligible within 180 days  
 X Weatherize shelters temporarily housing primarily low income persons (excluding nursing homes, prisons, and similar institutional care facilities).  
 Other (Please describe)

Mostly under DOE LIWAP rules, with the following LIHEAP rule(s) where LIHEAP and LIWAP rules differ (Check all that apply.)

Weatherization not subject to DOE LIWAP maximum statewide average cost per dwelling unit.  
 Other (Please describe.)

2605(b)(6) The state or tribe administers LIHEAP through the following local agencies:

\_\_X\_\_county welfare offices

\_\_X\_\_community action agencies (weatherization component only)

\_\_X\_\_community action agencies (heating, cooling or crisis

(agency \_\_X\_\_charitable organizations

designation) \_\_X\_\_not applicable (i.e. state energy office)

\_\_X\_\_tribal office

\_\_\_\_\_other, describe:

🡺Have you changed local administering agencies from last year?

Yes X No

If Yes, please describe how you selected them.

🡺What components are affected by the change?

2605(c)(1)(E) 🡺Please describe any additional steps (other than those described elsewhere in this plan) that will be taken to target assistance to households with high home energy burdens. **(This applies to all components. If all steps to target households with high home energy burdens are described elsewhere in the plan, no further information is required here.)**

(targeting of

assistance)

statutory

references

2605(b)(7) 🡺Do you make payments directly to home energy suppliers?

(energy

suppliers) Heating X Yes No

Cooling Yes No

Crisis X Yes No

If Yes, are there exceptions? X Yes No

If Yes, please describe.

Households that heat entirely with wood, and non-subsidized renters whose heat is included in rent receive a single party check sent directly to the household.

2605(b)(7)(A) 🡺If you make payments directly to home energy suppliers, how do you notify the client of the amount of assistance paid? (Please describe)

A payment notification is generated and sent to the client, indicating the amount of the payment and the vendor to whom the payment was made, at the time the LIHEAP payment is sent to the vendor.

Households receiving weatherization and/or energy related repairs receive a written statement of work to be performed.

2605(b)(7)

(B) & (C)

🡺How do you make sure the home energy supplier performs what is required in this assurance? If vendor agreements are used, they may be attached. Indicate each component for which this description applies.

The Department of Administration requires vendors to register for participation in the heating assistance program. To register, fuel suppliers agree that clients will be: treated equally with non-LIHEAP households, not be adversely affected, e.g., the eligible household will be charged in the supplier's normal billing process, the price charged will be the price normally charged non- LIHEAP eligible households, invoices will clearly indicate the amount and cost of home energy provided, and no discrimination will occur against eligible households with respect to terms, deferred payment plans, credit, conditions of sales or discounts offered other home energy customers.

The state may purchase fuel in bulk or pre-purchase fuel for benefits in the current or the following heating season. Fuel suppliers participating in the pre-purchase of heating fuel will be required to have signed agreements with the state. The Department can terminate the registration of any vendor found not in compliance with the agreement.

Crisis assistance fuel payments are made primarily to vendors registered for heating assistance. In addition to signing assurances guaranteeing that LIHEAP clients will be treated equally with non-LIHEAP households and will not be adversely affected, registered vendors are required to provide information on costs and procedures for emergency fuel delivery.

Energy related home repair and weatherization purchases made by LIHEAP weatherization providers follow appropriate state or federal procurement guidelines and applicable material standards.

statutory

references

2605(b)(8)(B) 🡺Is there any difference in the way owners and renters are treated? If Yes, please describe.

(owners **HEATING ASSISTANCE**

and

renters) Yes X No

**COOLING ASSISTANCE**

N/A Yes N/A No

**CRISIS ASSISTANCE**

Yes X No

Crisis assistance will be supplied to both renters and homeowners. Whether a household rents or owns their dwelling will not be a basis for determining eligibility. ~~Renters will not be eligible for emergency furnace replacements because the provision of heating equipment is the responsibility of the landlord.~~ Renters will only be eligible for Emergency Furnace Program services if the renter resides in a 2-4 unit building and the landlord is LIHEAP eligible and also resides in the building. ~~However~~ In some cases, crisis assistance may include repair of the heating/cooling equipment, the purchase of a room air conditioner (in conjunction with a medical statement of need) and/or advocacy with the landlord on behalf of the client, or assistance to relocate.

**WEATHERIZATION**

Yes X No

Weatherization assistance will be supplied to both renters and homeowners. Whether a household rents or owns their dwelling will not be a basis for determining eligibility. Rental status and landlord responsibility and cooperation may affect the kind or level of benefits provided.

statutory

references

2605(b)(10) 🡺How do you ensure good fiscal accounting and tracking of LIHEAP funds? (Please describe. Include a description of how you monitor fiscal activities.)

Tracking of LIHEAP funds is accomplished through an on-line, computerized database. Benefits cannot be generated without entry to the database. All heating and crisis benefits details are stored in the database. Local contract agencies also claim their expenditures on-line through the database system. The LIHEAP system interfaces with the overall state accounting system "WISMART". The state accounting system generates appropriate payments and tracks cumulative expenditures.

All expenditures are monitored by both the LIHEAP program area, and the accounting section of the Department of Administration, for propriety and accuracy. Generally accepted accounting principles are practiced by the state and built into the state accounting system.

The state will not use, for purposes of administration, funds under this title that exceed ten percent of the funds payable for a fiscal year.

Administrative costs for the purposes of this program are defined as follows: the general costs associated with administering the LIHEAP Block Grant funds, including both direct and indirect costs, the costs for planning and issuing benefits. Outreach services are included in client benefit costs and include alternate intake and the taking of applications and determination of eligibility incidental to outreach.

(program,

fiscal

monitoring,

and audit)

🡺How do you monitor program activities? (Please be sure to include a description of how you monitor eligibility and benefit determination.)

~~The Department of Administration or its designee on an ongoing basis will review reports of payment records and other data from counties and tribal agencies. The Department of Administration or its designee will base payment of allocations to local programs on receipt of properly completed reports. The Department of Administration reviews selected facets of the applications to assure policies and procedures are being followed. In addition, the Department of Administration will monitor local program compliance with agency and case reviews. Where it seems appropriate the Department of Administration will conduct site visits to review local agency (county/tribe) procedures and activities. The Department of Administration conducts site visits to at least 20% of agencies each year.~~

The State of Wisconsin, Department of Administration, Division of Energy Services (DES) conducts regular monitoring of its grantees (local agencies) via onsite Administrative Reviews as well as regular Desktop Monitoring.

The Administrative Review process was revised during FFY 2011 and covers areas related to contract compliance, program operations, program integrity, staffing, planning, protection of applicants’ personal and identifiable information, quality assurance, reporting and claims, and fraud.

Ongoing Desktop Monitoring includes, but is not limited to, the following areas related to eligibility and benefit determination: address integrity, accuracy of income (and types) reported, categorical eligibility, invalid Social Security Numbers, citizenship status, extraordinary low and high fuel usages reported, incomplete and canceled applications, client complaint trends, current system access and user security, and overall worker documentation. When variations are discovered, the local agencies are contacted to correct the problems. Many of these inquiries are conducted before benefits are issued to applicants, and questioned cases are set aside from payment until the problem is corrected.

Together these methods allow DES to determine sound practices for administering the program.

🡺How is your LIHEAP program audited?

Under the Single Audit Act? X Yes No

If not, please describe:

For States and Territories:

🡺Is there an annual audit of local administering agencies? Yes X No

If not, please explain.

LIHEAP is included as a major program in the state's single audit, performed annually by the Wisconsin Legislative Audit Bureau. All of Wisconsin's LIHEAP sub-grantees are also audited under the Single Audit Act. Sub-grantee's audits are reconciled and reviewed annually by the accounting section of the Department of Administration.

statutory

references

2605(b)(12) 🡺How did you get timely and meaningful public participation in the development of the plan? (Please describe.)

(timely and

meaningful

public

partici-

pation)

Meetings were held with local LIHEAP staff, weatherization staff, utility representatives, and some other interested groups at a low-income energy programs training conference on February 13-15, 2012. All local service agencies were ~~requested~~ required to have a representative at the session. During the session suggestions were requested for LIHEAP policy and program changes.

The Low Income Energy Advisory Committee (LIEAC) is a citizen's advisory committee appointed to make recommendations on the LIHEAP policies and programs. The committee consists of 18 citizens representing various interests and various areas of the State. This Committee met on July 26, 2012 to review and comment on the draft plan for FY2013 and the comments received at the public meeting.

2605(a)(2) 🡺Did you conduct public hearings on the proposed use and distribution of your LIHEAP funds? When and where?

\_\_X\_Yes \_\_\_\_No

**(Not required for Tribes and tribal organizations)**

(public

hearings)

A public meeting to receive comments and input on the FFY 2013 LIHEAP Block Grant Plan was held on July 20, 2012 in the Conference Room 634 of the Department of Administration Building, 101 E. Wilson Street, Madison, Wisconsin from 8:00 a.m. to 9:00 am.

statutory

references

2605(b)(13) 🡺Describe your fair hearing procedures for households whose applications are denied or not acted on in a timely manner. When are applicants informed of these rights?

(fair

hearings)

🡺Denials

🡺Applications Not Acted On In a Timely Manner

Households which are denied heating assistance or which have not received response to an application within a reasonable time will have the opportunity for an appeal. All heating assistance applicants will be notified of their right to appeal when they complete an application (appeal information is a detachable page in the application form and may be printed on line). The state or local operating agency will provide a fair hearing within 60 days of receiving a request. Hearings will be at a time and place convenient to the appellant.

Reasonable time from completed application to response (assistance, notification of eligibility or notification of denial) will be 45 days for heating assistance. Exceptions to these time periods may result when there are delays in funding availability due to lack of congressional appropriations, when heating assistance applications are taken during the summer for the following heating season (early start-up), etc.

statutory

references

2605(b)(15) **For States and Puerto Rico only** (not applicable to Tribes and tribal organizations, or to territories whose annual regular LIHEAP allotments are $200,000 or less):

🡺Does the State agency that administers the following LIHEAP component also administer the State's welfare program?

(alternate

outreach

and intake) **HEATING ASSISTANCE**

Yes X No

If Yes, describe alternate process for outreach and intake:

**COOLING ASSISTANCE**

Yes X No

If Yes, describe alternate process for outreach and intake:

**CRISIS ASSISTANCE**

Yes X No

If Yes, describe alternate process for outreach and intake:

statutory

references

2605(b)(16) 🡺Do you use LIHEAP funds to provide services that encourage and enable households to reduce their home energy needs and thereby the need for energy assistance? (This assurance refers to activities such as needs assessments, counseling, and assistance with energy vendors.)

X Yes No

If Yes, please describe these activities.

The State of Wisconsin may, through contract with local LIHEAP providers and/or under contract with the Wisconsin Community Action Program and/or through arrangements with other service providers engage in the following activities:

1. Budget counseling, energy conservation training, co-payment agreements, advocacy with fuel suppliers, household energy assessments and referrals.

2. Support for services provided by leveraged funds. These services will include those provided under regular crisis assistance, but only when non-federal funds are used toward co-payments, etc.

1. Intensive case management targeted to households selected from those as "high heating costs compared to household income" and "high heating costs for dwelling type.
2. Educational classes may be offered though third party contract agencies, utilities, state staff, or other qualified individuals.

If Yes, how do you ensure that you don't use more than 5% (statutory ceiling) of your LIHEAP funds for these activities?

Funds used for this purpose will be allocated by contract and will not exceed five percent of the LIHEAP funds available to the State of Wisconsin.

statutory

references

2607A 🡺Please describe leveraging activities planned for the fiscal year. **(This entry is optional.\*)** Complete this entry if you plan to apply for

(leveraging) LIHEAP leveraging incentive funds and to include in your leveraging report resources/benefits provided to low income households this fiscal year under criterion (iii) in 45 CFR 96.87(d)(2). Provide the following information for each:

(1) Identify and described each resource/benefit;

(2) Identify the source(s) of each resource; and

(3) Describe the integration/coordination of each resource/benefit with the LIHEAP program, consistent with 1 or more of conditions A-H in 45 CFR 96.87(d)(2)(iii).

The 1999-01 Wisconsin State Budget, Wisconsin Act 9 s.16.957 Utility Public Benefits, contained a new public utility initiative referred to as "Reliability 2000". Included in the Reliability 2000 initiative is "Public Benefits", which charged the Department of Administration with the creation of comprehensive low-income and energy public benefit programs. The Wisconsin LIHEAP program works in conjunction with Wisconsin LIWAP program to assist households at or below 60% state median income. Public Benefit funds are paid to eligible households, in effect increasing the benefit amount.

\* Leveraged resources/benefits that are counted under criterion (iii) in 45 CFR 96.87(d)(2) must be identified and described in the grantee's LIHEAP plan and distributed as indicated in the plan. In addition, leveraging resources/benefits that are counted under criterion (ii) must be carried out under one or more components of the grantee's regular LIHEAP program.

The State of Wisconsin, per Wis. Stat. 196.374, required Class A gas and electric utilities to spend funds on programs designed to promote and accomplish energy assistance or weatherization activities. The “Reliability 2000” legislation requires those utilities to turn those funds into the Department of Administration’s Public Benefits Fund. The statute prescribes the programs to be funded and specifies that low-income utility consumers must be included. Municipal and cooperative utilities (non-Class A) were provided options to participate in the state Public Benefits Fund or operate a Commitment to Community Program they designed. Programs covered under this law include weatherization and to assist low-income households with the costs of their fuel bills.

The Wisconsin LIHEAP program had an active, substantive, and significant role in the development of the “Reliability 2000” statutory requirements. The legislation provides that the 1998 level of utility funding for weatherization and bill assistance programs targeted at low-income to be transferred to the Public Benefits fund administered by the Department.

Contributions include those from landlords for weatherization services provided to LIHEAP eligible low-income households residing in a rental dwelling unit. Contributions are 15% or less of the total cost of the weatherization.

**Weatherization and/or Energy Conservation Measures**

Pursuant to Wis. Stat. 196.374, the State of Wisconsin augments low-income energy assistance resources by mandating Class A utilities to fund weatherization programs for low-income households financed through utility rates, and turn the funds over to the Department of Administration these Public Benefits Funds. These services are provided to households that meet the federal income guidelines for LIHEAP. To receive weatherization households must be eligible for the LIHEAP program or meet the eligibility criteria under the Federal Standards set by section 2605(b)(2) of Public Law 97-35.

**Utility/Bulk Fuel Dealers Arrears Forgiveness**

Individual Class A utilities and/or bulk fuel dealers may augment available low-income energy assistance resources through individual programs which discount or waive fuel costs, re-connection charges, etc. and that are authorized by the Public Service Commission. Benefits provided under this category fit the criteria set forth in item (D) of the leveraging law. Eligibility for and/or receipt of assistance under the LIHEAP program in the base period and or eligibility under the Federal standards set by section 2605 (b)(2) of Public Law 97-35 is necessary to receive the discount or waiver. These programs include, but are not limited to, those which provide arrearage forgiveness for unpaid utility bills to federally qualified households or provide additional forgiveness for unpaid current balances to such households as part of agreed budget-billing or partial-payment plans. These programs, financed by the rate payers and/or utility stockholders, provide qualified households with benefits in addition to those provided by LIHEAP and are intended to further improve the affordability of basic energy services for low-income consumers. The programs covered by the above include, but are not limited to, the following:

- Alliant Energy - We-Energies

- Madison Gas & Electric - Wisconsin Public Service

- Xcel Energy

## Voluntary charitable programs

This plan hereby sanctions certain voluntary charitable program such as Fuel Funds, whose specific purpose is to assist low-income people to make household energy more affordable but are not mandated by the Public Service Commission or state law. These programs are sanctioned when they provide their benefits to federally eligible households and enhance LIHEAP resources by providing benefits to households that may not qualify under the state's eligibility criteria or to households, which have exhausted available LIHEAP benefits. Revenues for sanctioned programs are derived from charitable contributions of private citizens, fuel supplier customers or fuel supplier stockholders. Benefits provided under this category fall under criteria (ii) and (iii). Under criteria (ii) the provider of the resource contracts directly with the LIHEAP program for distribution of the benefits through the LIHEAP program. Receipt of the benefit is dependent upon eligibility for LIHEAP and requires a completed LIHEAP application. Benefits counted under category (iii) fit the criteria set for in condition (E) of the leveraging law. Coordination between LIHEAP staff and the provider of the resource occurs on an ongoing basis. Staff communicates orally and/or in writing about how to meet the energy needs of specific individual households. During the LIHEAP program communication takes place before assistance is provided to each household unless the applicant shows documentation of application for LIHEAP. The programs covered by the above include, but are not limited to, the following:

- Alliant Energy, Hometown Program

- Keep Wisconsin Warm Foundation

- Energy Services, Inc.

- Madison Gas & Electric Energy Fund

- We-Energies

- Wisconsin Public Service, Fresh Start Program

- Xcel Energy, Pioneer in Energy Savings Program

- Wisconsin Homeless Prevention Program

**State of Wisconsin**

The State of Wisconsin provides assistance to low income LIHEAP eligible households in the following ways:

The Wisconsin Legislature designed and enacted legislation specifically intended to provide increased financial resources to households to help relieve the burden of home heating in low-income households. State and local sales tax was suspended for LIHEAP eligible households for the costs of home heating to direct additional funds to those households to relieve the costs of home heating. All LIHEAP eligible households benefited directly through suspension of state and local sales tax on heating fuels, or indirectly through reduced rental costs. The waiver of sales tax fits the criteria set forth in item (D) of the leveraging law.

The State of Wisconsin under Wis. Stat. Chapter 49 directs General Assistance funds to households without assets or means of support to provide a minimum of life's necessities including the cost of home heating. The same local agencies are under contract to the state to operate the LIHEAP and General Assistance programs. General assistance is provided only as a last resort to eligible households. Benefits counted under General Assistance fit criteria (E) of the leveraging law. During the period when the LIHEAP program is in operation LIHEAP and General Assistance staff communicate on how to meet the energy needs of the specific individual households. For the duration of the LIHEAP program this communication takes place before assistance is provided to each household to be served by the resource, unless the applicant presents documentation of LIHEAP eligibility.

The State of Wisconsin as part of its effort to make housing affordable and available to all provides assistance with high utility costs under the Homeless Prevention Program. Funds are provided to households only when housing costs are more than 30% of the total income and all other sources of assistance including LIHEAP and utility funding has been exhausted. Criteria A of the leveraging rules and regulations apply to this resource.

\* Leveraged resources/benefits that are counted under criterion (iii) in 45 CFR 96.87(d)(2) must be identified and described in the grantee's LIHEAP plan and distributed as indicated in the plan. In addition, leveraging resources/benefits that are counted under criterion (ii) must be carried out under one or more components of the grantee's regular LIHEAP program.

statutory

references

2605(b) 🡺Please describe performance goals and measures planned for the fiscal year. **(This entry is optional.)**

(performance)

goals and

measures)

**ADDITIONAL CERTIFICATIONS AND REQUIREMENTS**

Attached are additional certifications required as follows:

**\*** **Lobbying certification**, which must be filed by all States and territories. If applicable, Form LLL, which discloses lobbying payments, must be submitted. **(Tribes and tribal organizations are EXEMPT.)**

**\*** **Debarment and suspension certification**, which must be filed by all grantees.

**\*** **Drug-free workplace requirement certification**, which must be filed by all grantees, unless the grantee has filed a statewide certification with the Department of Health and Human Services. **STATES ONLY:** If you have filed a statewide certification for the drug-free workplace requirement, please check here:

**\*** One of the requirements included in the 1994 reauthorization of the statute is that state grantees must include in their annual application for funds areport on the number and income levels of households applying for and receiving LIHEAP assistance, and on the number of recipient households that have members who are elderly, disabled, or young children.

**All Tribes and those territories with allotments of less than $200,000** need only submit data on the number of households served by each component (heating, cooling, weatherization and crisis). The approval for the collection of information contained in the **LIHEAP Household Report** is covered by OMB approval number 0970-0060.

**\*** Though not a part of this application, the report on funds to be carried over or available for reallotment as required by section 2607(a) for the preceding year must be submitted by August 1 of each year. A grant award for the current fiscal year may not be made until the carryover/reallotment report is received. The approval for the collection of information contained in the **LIHEAP Carryover and Reallotment** **Report** is covered by OMB approval number 0970-0106.